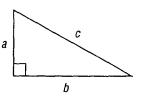
7.1 The Pythagorean Theorem

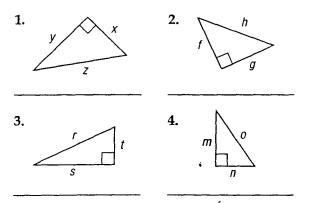
MATHPOWER[™] Eight, pp. 206–207

The Pythagorean Theorem states that in any right triangle, if c is the length of the hypotenuse, and a and b are the lengths of the legs, then

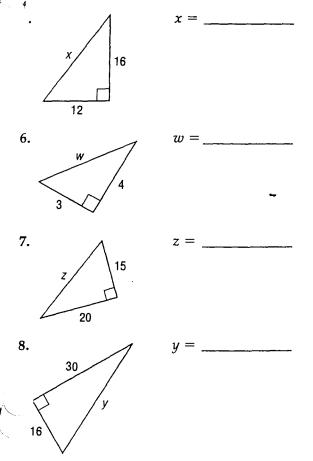
 $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$

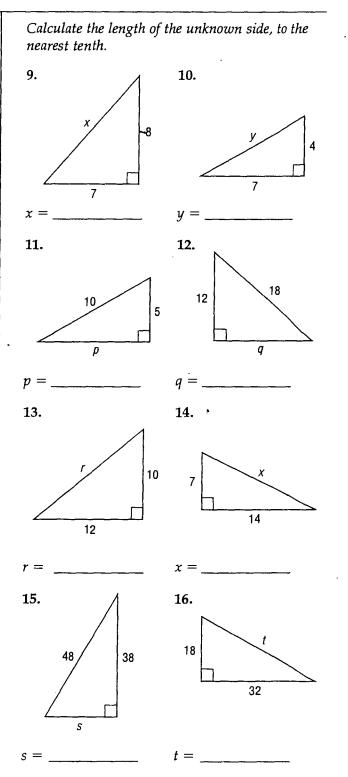


State the relationship in the form $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$ for the sides in each triangle.



Find the length of the unknown side in each right riangle.

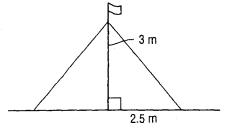




7.2 Using the Pythagorean Theorem MATHPOWER™ Eight, pp. 208–209

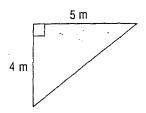
1. A 12-m ladder is leaning against a wall. The foot of the ladder is 3 m from the base of the building. How far up the wall is the top of the ladder?

2. Wires are used to support a flagpole at the fairground.



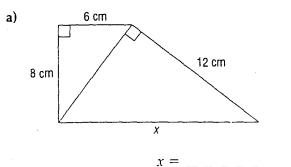
The wires are attached 3 m from the ground and 2.5 m from the base of the pole. How long is each wire?

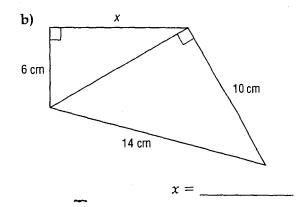
3. Jacob sectioned off a triangular area in his yard for a vegetable garden.



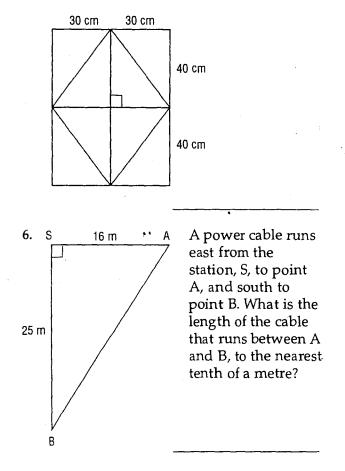
How much fence does he need, in metres, to surround the three sides of the garden?

4. Find *x* to the nearest tenth of a centimetre.





5. A decorative window has 4 diagonal bars as shown. What is the length of each one?



7. The pegs on a 3-by-3 geoboard are spaced 5 cm apart. Sketch all the different right triangles that can be made on it, and calculate the length of each side, to the nearest tenth o' a centimetre.